

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED BY THE EDITOR DURING 1938.

- Journal of World Forestry. Vol. 5, No. 1—11.
Empire Forestry Journal. Vol. 16, No. 2. Vol. 17, No. 1.
Australian Forestry. Vol. 2, No. 2. Vol. 3, No. 1.
Australian Timber Journal. Vol. 3, No. 3—12. Vol. 4, No. 1—11.
✓Victorian Forester. Vol. 2, No. 3.
✓Chronica Botanica. Vol. 4, Nos. 1 and 2.
✓International Index to Forestry and Allied Organisations. Berlin, 1938.
✓Forest Bibliography to 31/12/33. Part 3. Forest Protection. Oxford, 1938.
Commonwealth Forestry Bureau, Canberra.
✓Bulletin No. 21. Application of Statistic Methods. Vol. 1.
✓Annual Report of Bureau for 1937.
Division of Forest Products, Melbourne.
✓Bulletin No. 114. Wood Structure of Some Australian Rutaceae.
✓Bulletin No. 119. Wood Structure of Some Australian Cunoniaceae.
✓Pamphlets Nos. 67, 68. Shrinkage of Australian Timbers—Part 1 and 2.
✓Pamphlets Nos. 75. Collapse and its removal.
✓Pamphlet No. 76. Grading Studies in Ash eucalypts.
✓Pamphlet 81. Properties of Australian timbers—*P. radiata*.
✓Pamphlet No. 86. Study of Pulping Properties of *E. sieberiana*.
✓Trade Circular No. 38. Deterioration of Timber caused by Fungi.
 ✓39. Selection and Grading of Timber.
 ✓40. Testing a Timber Seasoning Kiln.
Southern Forest Experimental Station. New Orleans.
✓Occasional Papers No. 62—73.
✓Leaflet No. 155. Growing nursery stock of Southern pines.
✓Leaflet No. 156. Harvesting and selling of Southern pines.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

In Vol. IV, No. 2, p. 96 of the *New Zealand Journal of Forestry* is a note on beetles imported from Calcutta in packing cases to Wellington. The species *Sinoxylon ceratoniae* Linn. is a tropical African form and does not occur in India. I suggest it is a misidentification for *Sinoxylon anale* Lesne, the commonest Indian species likely to be found in packing case wood, and recorded as imported into New Zealand and Australia previously (see *Indian Forest Records*, Ent., II, 12, On the biology of the Bostrychidae, 1937). *Dinoderus minutus* F. is described as having "a wide host range." Actually